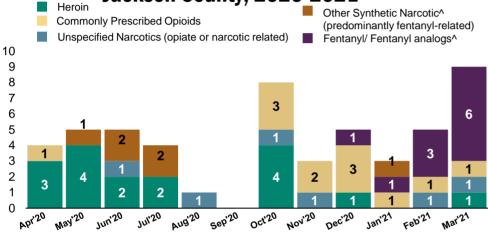


### **Jackson County**

2021\*

## 17 OPIOID OVERDOSE EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT VISITS

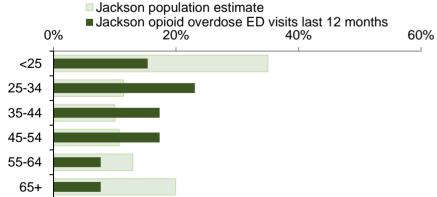
# Opioid Overdose ED Visits Last 12 Months: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Jackson County, 2020-2021\*



YTD: Year to date; \*Provisional Data: 2020-2021 ED Visits

^Fentanyl/fentanyl analogs drug class is a new ICD10CM diagnosis code as of October 2020, prior to this month, this category was predominately captured in the non-specific "Other Synthetic Narcotic" drug class. Note: 2020-2021 ED visit data is provisional; For case definitions, go to https://www.inurvfreenc.ncdhhs.gov/DataSurveillance/poisoning/SummaryTableforPoisoningDefinitions.

### **Opioid Overdose ED Visits by Age Group**



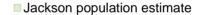
17 Opioid Overdose ED Visits in Jackson County for 2021\* YTD

compared to

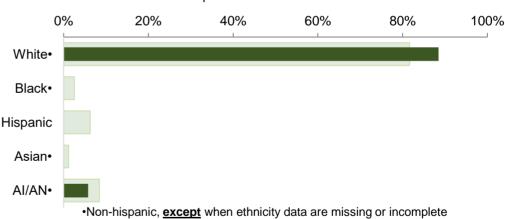
Jan to Mar 2020\*

**Source**: NC DETECT: Data Source: ED; Custom Event: Overdose: Opioid Overdose V.2 (ICD-9/10-CM)

#### **Opioid Overdose ED Visits by Race Ethnicity**



■ Jackson opioid overdose ED visits last 12 months



•Non-hispanic, <u>except</u> when ethnicity data are missing or incomplete (less than 85% ethnicity data available); if ethnicity is missing, race categories include both Hispanic and Non-Hispanic. Al/AN (American Indian/ Alaskan Native).

**Note:** NC DETECT is North Carolina's statewide syndromic surveillance system. There may be data quality issues affecting our counts: counties with <10 cases may not be true lack of opioid overdose cases but data quality issues; additionally, some hospitals use non-specific poisoning codes rather than specific opioid poisoning codes. For training on NCDETECT, contact Amy Ising, ising@ad.unc.edu.

Counts based on ICD-10-CM diagnosis code of an opioid overdose: **T40.0** (Opium), **T40.1** (Heroin), **T40.2** (Other Opioids), **T40.3** (Methadone), and **T40.4** (Other Synthetic Narcotics), and **T40.6** (Other and Unspecified Narcotics).